

# OSSEC HIDS



**Centralizando  
a segurança**

# O que é ?

- OSSEC é um IDS (Intrusion Detection System) Open Source e multi-plataforma baseado em host, que viabiliza a centralização de eventos em servidores.

# Quem é o pai da criança?



- Daniel Cid



Fundador e principal desenvolvedor do projeto, atualmente trabalha na Third Brigade como principal pesquisador.

# O que ele faz?

- Análise de log's
- Checagem de Integridade \*\*
- Monitoramento do registro do windows
- Rootkit detection \*\*
- Alertas em tempo real
- Resposta imediata (IPS ou IDS Ativo) \*\*
- Centralização da administração



# Por que OSSEC?



A revista do profissional de TI

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## Principal

- Linux Magazine
- Matérias Online
- Anteriores
- Assinar
- Renovar assinatura

## Menu pessoal

login

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Esqueceu a senha?

Cadastro

## Linux Magazine



## LM 47 | Segurança Profissional

Logo quando você pensava que havia dominado a arte de proteção contra invasões, os cibercriminosos descobrem novas técnicas para atravessarem sua segurança. Os agressores usam qualquer vantagem possível para ficarem escondidos e ganharem controle. Então, você não deve usar tudo que estiver disponível para mantê-los do lado de fora?

A Linux Magazine #47 explica algumas técnicas para manter os invasores fora do seu sistema. Aprenda a caçar e se proteger dos temíveis rootkits, use o popular sistema IDS OSSEC para monitorar invasões à rede e entenda como a virtualização, apesar de trazer muitas vantagens, pode causar impactos negativos sobre a segurança do sistema.

# Não está convencido?

The image shows a screenshot of a web page from LinuxWorld.com. The page is titled "Security" and features an article titled "Top 5 open source security tools in the enterprise". The article is written by Eric Hines, GCIA, CISSP, CEO, Applied Watch Technologies, and is dated 03/12/07. The article discusses the shift from proprietary to open source security products in the enterprise. The first tool listed is OSSEC HIDS, which is circled in red. The page also includes a sidebar with navigation links, a search bar, and a "Related links" section.

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Open Source Solutions for the Enterprise

Google™ Custom Search Search

**Security**

LinuxWorld.com > Security >

## Top 5 open source security tools in the enterprise

With thousands of open source security packages available, choices can be confusing. Here's the short list of tools that are getting real-world successful deployments.

By Eric Hines, GCIA, CISSP, CEO, Applied Watch Technologies, LinuxWorld.com, 03/12/07

Comments (1) Print article

In the late 1990s, organizations began looking seriously at open source network management and security products. Although some had previously been installed without corporate approval, a fundamental shift occurred within the enterprise as organizations began searching for alternative solutions to commercial network management and security products.

Realizing the considerable cost savings and superior security benefits of open source, companies that were moving to open source in other areas, such as migrating Microsoft Internet Information Server Web servers to the open source Apache Web server, also began considering tools such as the network management software Nagios to replace proprietary products such as HP Openview. While many open source security tools are available, this story reviews the top five tools in production in enterprise environments.

**Tool #1: OSSEC HIDS**

OSSEC HIDS is the No. 1 open source tool due to its recent rapid growth in the enterprise. OSSEC HIDS is a rapidly evolving open source project that offers the first ever open source host intrusion detection and

Related links

No results were found for your search.  
Your query is too restrictive.  
You might want to try:  
security

Story tools

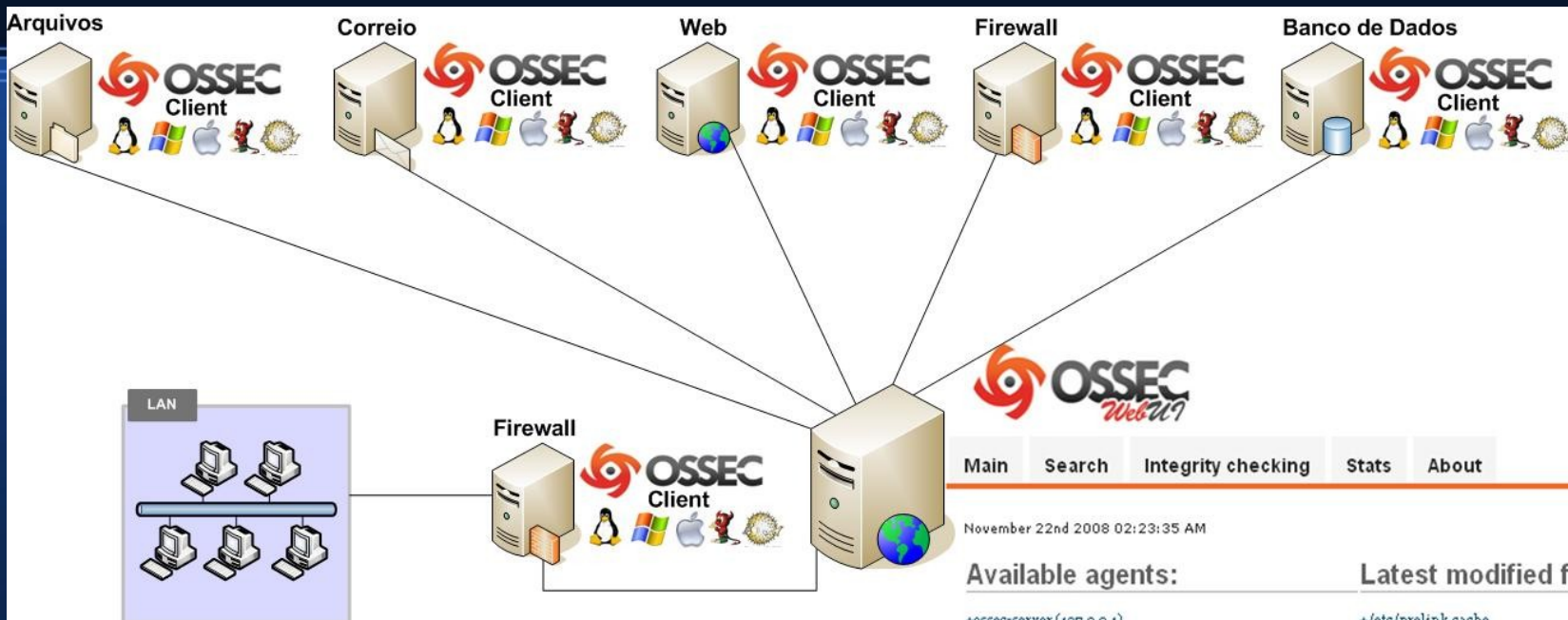
Sponsored by:

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AJM article  
Reddit  
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del.icio.us  
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# Como ele funciona?



## Tipos de instalação

- Local
- Servidor
- Cliente

### Available agents:

```
+ossec-server (127.0.0.1)
+ossec-agent (192.168.1.1)
+ossec-agent (192.168.1.2)
+ossec-agent (174.16.1.1)
+ossec-agent (192.168.1.3)
+ossec-agent (192.168.1.4)
+ossec-agent (174.16.1.2)
+ossec-agent (192.168.1.5)
+ossec-agent (174.16.1.3)
+ossec-agent (174.16.1.4)
+ossec-agent (10.10.10.1)
+ossec-agent (192.168.1.6)
+ossec-agent (192.168.1.7)
```

### Latest modified files:

```
+/etc/prelink.cache
+/usr/sbin/iscodetect
+/usr/sbin/isaset
+/usr/sbin/isadump
+/usr/sbin/isczget
+/usr/sbin/isczdump
+/usr/bin/sensors
+/usr/sbin/dns-keygen
+/etc/readahead.d/late.sorted
+/etc/readahead.d/early.sorted
+/etc/nagios/services.cfg
+/etc/snmp/snmpd.conf
+/etc/ld.so.cache
+/etc/snmp/snmpd.conf
+/usr/sbin/named-checkconf
+/usr/sbin/dnssec-sigzone
+/usr/sbin/zndc
```

### Latest events

```
2008 Nov 22 01:50:57 Rule Id: 12110 level: 8
Location: (ossec-agent) 174.16.1.1 > /var/log/messages
Serial number from master is lower than stored.
Nov 21 22:22:12 ossec-agent named[5501]: zone example.com.intranet/IN: serial number (46500) received from master
192.168.1.1 #53 < ours (46501)
```

# Active Response

```
<!--  
<!-- Active Response Config -->  
<active-response>  
  <!-- This response is going to execute the host-deny  
    - command for every event that fires a rule with  
    - level (severity) >= 6.  
    - The IP is going to be blocked for 600 seconds.  
  -->  
  <command>host-deny</command>  
  <location>local</location>  
  <level>6</level>  
  <timeout>600</timeout>  
</active-response>  
  
-->  
  
<active-response>  
  <!-- Firewall Drop response. Block the IP for  
    - 600 seconds on the firewall (iptables,  
    - ipfilter, etc). -->  
  <command>firewall-drop</command>  
  <location>local</location>  
  <level>7</level>  
  <timeout>600</timeout>  
</active-response>
```



# Alerta por e-mail

## OSSEC Notification - solaris.esbjlab.intranet - Alert level 2

OSSEC HIDS [ossecm@velma.com.br]

Enviada em: sex 14/08/2009 21:23

Para: network@mauricionassau.com.br

OSSEC HIDS Notification.  
2009 Aug 14 21:22:46

Received From: solaris.esbjlab.intranet-  
>/var/log/remotos/remotos.log  
Rule: 1002 fired (level 2) -> "Unknown problem somewhere in the  
system."  
Portion of the log(s):

Aug 14 21:23:31 solaris.esbjlab.intranet SOLARIS NT:  
<CSAdminServer;E1;ESBJLAB\Administrador> Failed to synchronize  
with host REC-LABCST0512 (#9475). Type:  
#69;|ss\_type="SSP\_POLICY";ss\_product="KAVWKS6";ss\_version="6.0.0  
.0";ss\_policy\_id="8". Error information: 1128/0 (The product was  
not installed correctly.), 0:\CS  
AdminKit\development2\kca\prss\paths.cpp, 359

--END OF NOTIFICATION

- Envio de e-mail com classificação de eventos
- Envia e-mail de eventos desconhecidos

# Biblioteca de rules

apache\_rules.xml

mcafee\_av\_rules.xml

proftpd\_rules.xml

syslog\_rules.xml

arpwatch\_rules.xml

msauth\_rules.xml

pure-ftpd\_rules.xml

telnetd\_rules.xml

asterisk\_rules.xml

ms-exchange\_rules.xml

racoon\_rules.xml

sshd\_rules.xml

local\_rules.xml

postfix\_rules.xml

symantec-av\_rules.xml

mailscanner\_rules.xml

attack\_rules.xml

ms\_ftpd\_rules.xml

rules\_config.xml

vmpop3d\_rules.xml

cisco-ios\_rules.xml

mysql\_rules.xml

sendmail\_rules.xml

vmware\_rules.xml

courier\_rules.xml

named\_rules.xml

smbd\_rules.xml

squid\_rules.xml

zeus\_rules.xml

imapd\_rules.xml

policy\_rules.xml

postgresql\_rules.xml

vpn\_concentrator\_rules.xml

firewall\_rules.xml

netscreenfw\_rules.xml

solaris\_bsm\_rules.xml

vpopmail\_rules.xml

ftpd\_rules.xml

ossec\_rules.xml

sonicwall\_rules.xml

vsftpd\_rules.xml

hordeimp\_rules.xml

pam\_rules.xml

spamd\_rules.xml

web\_rules.xml

ids\_rules.xml

pix\_rules.xml

symantec-ws\_rules.xml

# Criando Rules

```
<!-- Remove ESB3 modifications -->

<rule id="60000" level="2">
  <match>bad owner name (check-names)</match>
<!--      <options>alert_by_email</options> -->
  <description>Hosts cadastrado no dominio com algum caracter especial.</description>
</rule>

<rule id="60001" level="2">
  <match>dansguardian: Error connecting via ipc to log</match>
  <description>Dansguardian nao esta conseguindo gravar logs de acesso.</description>
</rule>

<rule id="60002" level="2">
  <match>failed while receiving responses: not exact</match>
  <description>A zona de DNS mudou durante a transferencia.</description>
</rule>

<rule id="60003" level="9">
  <match>dansguardian: Error connecting to proxy</match>
  <description>O servico de PROXY esta offline.</description>
</rule>

<rule id="60004" level="7">
  <match>The product was not installed correctly</match>
  <match>Failed to synchronize with host</match>
  <description>O Antivirus nao esta funcionando corretamente.</description>
</rule>
```

**Dúvidas?**



# Referências

[www.ossec.net](http://www.ossec.net)

[www.linuxmagazine.com.br](http://www.linuxmagazine.com.br)

[www.linuxworld.com](http://www.linuxworld.com)

# Contato

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Obrigado!! ;)